

PRAYAG PUBLIC SCHOOL

HOLIDAY HOMEWORK

CLASS: X

SOCIAL SCIENCE

JUNE 11 to 20

NOTE- Read the chapters and prepare notes of the followings:

History

chapter 1: The Rise of Nationalism in Europe

Geography

Chapter 1: Resources and Development

HOTS QUESTIONS

Geography

1. Describe the three stages of resource planning in India.
2. Suggest any six measures to solve the problem of Land Degradation.
3. Describe any three main characteristics of arid soil of India.
4. Sustainability of development is a new area of knowledge do you agree? justify your answer.
5. Trace the features of Alluvial soil with reference to its formation area classification and containing minerals.
6. Planning is widely accepted strategy for judicious use of resources in a country like India justify this statement with two relevant points and an example.
7. Consequences of environmental degradation do not respect national or state boundaries support the statement with examples.
8. Give the characteristics of the soil used for growing cotton list the areas in India where this soil is found.

HISTORY

1. The decade of 1830 had brought great economic hardship in Europe support the statement with arguments.
2. How hydro listener is spread their ideas in many European States after 1815 explain with examples.
3. Describe the explosive conditions prevailed in balkans after 1871 in European.
4. Napoleon had destroy democracy in France but in the administrative field ki had incorporated Revolutionary principles in order to make the whole system more rational and efficient. analyse the statement with arguments.
5. How did culture play an important role in creating the idea of the nation in Europe? explain with examples.



JUNE 21 to 30

NOTE- make your SST portfolio folder and keep all the holiday homework like activity, map work, project work and all the assignments

ACTIVITY

1. "Coronavirus brings focus on division of power between the centre and States".

on an A4 size sheet write down the powers of Central Government of India to ensure the control and management of epidemics in India and its impact on State Government of India[refer to chapter 2(political science) Federalism]

GEOGRAPHY(CH-1)

1. Prepare a list of stock and reserve resources that you are familiar with from your local area.

2. Imagine if the oil supply gets exhausted one day how would this affect our lifestyle?

3. Prepare a list of resources found in your state and also identify the resources that are important but deficit in your state.

4. Try to do a comparison between the two Pie Charts [figure 1.4 given in book] given for land use and find out why the the net sown area and the land under forest have changed from 1960-61 To 2008-09 very marginally

JULY 1 to 15

MAP WORK

NOTE- Prepare "My Own Atlas" on the following topics..

In this article, we cover all the important map items to fill, which you can fill and practice in given time:

A. History - Outline Political Map of India

Lesson-2 - Nationalism in India - (1918 - 1930)

For locating and labelling / Identification

1. Indian National Congress Sessions: Calcutta (Sep. 1920) Nagpur (Dec. 1920) Madras (1927) Lahore (1929) 2. Important Centres of Indian National Movement (Non-cooperation and Civil Disobedience Movement) (i) Champaran (Bihar) - Movement of Indigo Planters (ii) Kheda (Gujrat) - Peasant Satyagraha (iii) Ahmedabad (Gujarat) - Cotton Mill Workers Satyagraha (iv) Amritsar (Punjab) - Jallianwala Bagh Incident (v) Chauri Chaura (U.P.) - Calling off the Non-Cooperation Movement (vi) Dandi (Gujarat) - Civil Disobedience Movement

B. GEOGRAPHY Outline Political Map of India Chapter

1: Resources and Development

Identification only: Major soil types

Chapter 3: Water Resources

Locating and Labelling

Dams: (1) Salal (2) Bhakra Nangal (3) Tehri (4) Rana Pratap Sagar (5) Sardar Sarovar (6) Hirakud (7) Nagarjuna Sagar (8) Tungabhadra (Along with rivers)

Chapter 4: Agriculture

Identification only

(a) Major areas of Rice and Wheat



(b) Largest / Major producer states of Sugarcane; Tea; Coffee; Rubber; Cotton and Jute.

CHAPTER:5 Mineral and Energy Resources

Minerals:(Identification only)

(I) Iron ore mines: Mayurbhanj, Durg, Bailadila, Bellary, Kudremukh (II) Mica mines: Ajmer, Beawar, Nellore, Gaya, Hazaribagh (III) Coal mines: Raniganj, Jharia, Bokaro, Talcher, Korba, Singrauli, Singareni, Neyveli (IV) Oil Fields: Digboi, Naharkatia, Mumbai High, Bassien, Kalol, Ankaleshwar (V) Bauxite Deposits: The Amarkantak plateau, Maikal hills, The plateau region of Bilaspur-Katni, Orissa Panchpatmali deposits in Koraput district (VI) Mica deposits: The Chota Nagpur plateau, Koderma Gaya-Hazaribagh belt of Jharkhand, Ajmer Nellore mica belt 27

Power Plants: (Locating and Labelling only)

(a) Thermal : Namrup, Talcher, Singrauli, Harduaganj, Korba, Uran, Ramagundam, Vijaywada, Tuticorin (b) Nuclear: Narora, Rawat, Bhata, Kakrapar, Tarapur, Kaiga, Kalpakkam

Chapter 6: Manufacturing Industries

Locating and Labelling Only

(1) Cotton Textile Industries: Mumbai, Indore, Ahmedabad, Surat, Kanpur, Coimbatore, Madurai (2) Iron and Steel Plants: Burnpur, Durgapur, Bokaro, Jamshedpur, Raurkela, Bhilai, Vijaynagar, Bhadravati, Vishakhapatnam, Salem (3) Software Technology Parks: Mohali, Noida, Jaipur, Gandhinagar, Indore, Mumbai, Pune, Kolkata, Bhubaneswar, Vishakhapatnam, Hyderabad, Bangalore, Mysore, Chennai, Thiruvananthapuram

Chapter 7 Lifelines of National Economy Identification Only.

Golden Quadrilateral, North-South Corridor, East-West Corridor.

National Highways: NH-1, NH-2, NH-7

Locating and Labelling.

Major Ports: Kandla, Mumbai, Jawahar Lal Nehru, Marmagao, New Mangalore, Kochi, Tuticorin, Chennai, Vishakhapatnam, Paradip, Haldia, Kolkata

International Airports: Amritsar (Raja Sansi), Delhi (Indira Gandhi International), Mumbai (Chhatrapati Shivaji), Thiruvananthapuram (Nedimbacherry), Chennai (Meenam Bakkam), Kolkata (Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose), Hyderabad (Rajiv Gandhi)

